



Principles for the use of checklists:

Basic item: The general principle for protecting your system from ransomware is to confirm whether the prior technical prevention has been achieved. For the during and after the event, it is recommended as a confirmation for the processing action for completion.

Advanced item: Enterprise has large and complex network environments such as multiple network segments, AD management and control, and virtual platforms, in addition to the basic items needs to be complete, it is also recommended to implement advanced items to achieve a better protection effects; For the consideration on asset, it is important to generate a ranking requirement that can be clarify the sequence of event processing and mitigating the impact for system recovery.

Event Phase	Check Aspects	Sub-aspect	Basic Item	Advanced Item	Status
2.Ransomware	2.1 Event	2.1.1discover and	2.1.1.1 Self-discovery internally,	-	
Response	confirmation	report	collect information and submit report		
			2.1.1.2 Receive an external abnormal	-	
			warning or event notification, collect		
			information and submit a report		
		2.1.2 Signs of	2.1.2.1 Significant increase in hard	-	
		ransomware infection	disk usage		
			2.1.2.2 Significant increase in CPU or		
			memory usage		
			2.1.2.3 The file extension of the	-	
			affected file has been modified		

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Event Phase	Check Aspects	Sub-aspect	Basic Item	Advanced Item	Status
			2.1.2.4 The ransom message is	-	
			displayed on the device screen		
		2.1.3 Evaluation	2.1.3.1 According to the incident	-	
		decision	report, evaluate the nature of the		
			incident, and submit it to relevant		
			department personnel based on the		
			result. If confirmed, the response		
			process will be triggered.		
			Item of the assessment of the nature of		
			the event: affected data owner level,		
			Importance of affected data, number of		
			affected hosts, and stakeholder		
			influence, such as customers, product		
			users, etc.		
			(Due to the differences in the nature of		
			the company, this project only		
			provides principled advice)		
	2.2 Emergency	2.2.1 Prevent	2.2.1.1 Disconnect the infected device	2.2.1.2 If the hacked device	
	measures	expansion	from all networks. If it is a sub-domain	cannot be disconnected from	
			or multiple devices, disconnect the	the network, power off the	
			network from the switch level	host. (This step may affect	







Event Phase	Check Aspects	Sub-aspect	Basic Item	Advanced Item	Status
				data preservation and	
				evidence maintenance, so	
				use it with caution)	
			-	2.2.1.3 Make sure the mirror	
				server is not infected, and	
				begin the system backup	
				mechanism to maintain the	
				normal operation of system	
				services	
		2.2.2 Report	2.2.2.1 According to the internal	-	
			notification process of the contingency		
			plan, report to initiate the contingency		
			operation and record the incident		
			2.2.2.2 Report the case to the nearest	-	
			police station with evidence (Take		
			screen shots of online evidence). Or		
			contact Investigation Bureau/Criminal		
			Bureau for assistance.		
			Bureau of Investigation contact		
			information of: service@mjib.gov.tw		
			Criminal Bureau contact information:		







Event Phase	Check Aspects	Sub-aspect	Basic Item	Advanced Item	Status
			cib.noransom@cib.npa.gov.tw		
			2.2.2.3 Report cyber security incidents	-	
			through TWCERT/CC official website		
			(twcert.org.tw) or Email:		
			twcert@cert.org.tw		
			-	2.2.2.4 Ensure the	
				confidentiality and security of	
				notifications or external	
				communication channels to	
				prevent alerting attackers	
		2.2.3 Incident	2.2.3.1 Assisted by an external	-	
		assistance	professional information security team		
		2.2.4 Impact	2.2.4.1 Inventory of potentially	-	
		confirmation	affected devices, perform antivirus		
			software scans, and confirm whether		
			they are hacked		
			-	2.2.4.2 According to the pre-	
				defined list of key assets,	
				evaluate the priority order of	
				the degree of impact of	
				verification	







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			-	2.2.4.3 Monitor network	
				traffic and packets for	
				anomalies	
			2.2.4.4 Inventory the scope of affected	-	
			data, including: design and		
			development, testing, finance,		
			customers, suppliers, account		
			passwords and other sensitive data		
		2.2.5 Event handling	2.2.5 .1 Identify virus types by	-	
			ransomware name, file extension, etc.,		
			and find decryption tools		
			2.2.5.2 Confirm the root cause of the	-	
			information security incident and		
			eliminate it		
			-	2.2.5.3 Quarantine backup of	
				affected devices, including	
				encrypted files, databases, etc.	
			-	2.2.5.4 Backup system event	
				log files	
		2.2.6 Stakeholder	2.2.6.1 Let internal or external	-	
			stakeholders understand the incident		







Event Phase	Check Aspects	Sub-aspect	Basic Item	Advanced Item	Status
			and provide assistance that can		
			mitigate the impact of the incident		





Reference

America

https://www.cisa.gov/stopransomware

https://www.cisa.gov/sites/default/files/publications/CISA Fact Sheet-Rising Ransomware Threat to OT Assets 508C.pdf

https://www.cisa.gov/stopransomware/ive-been-hit-ransomware

https://jenner.com/system/assets/assets/11480/original/memo-what-we-urge-you-to-do-to-protect-against-the-threat-of-ransomware.pdf

England

https://www.ncsc.gov.uk/guidance/mitigating-malware-and-ransomware-attacks

Cyber Security Companies

https://www.trendmicro.com/en_no/forHome/campaigns/ransomware-protection.html

https://www.nomoreransom.org/zht Hant/prevention-advice.html